

PRICE LIST

	12	25	50	100
Latham Raspberry	\$1.75	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$7.95
Viking Raspberry	1.75	3.00	5.00	7.95
June Raspberry	1.75	3.00	5.00	7.95
Ontario Raspberry	1.75	3.00	5.00	7.95
September Raspberry (E.B.)	3.50	6.00	10.00	
Durham Raspberry (E.B.)	3.50	6.00	10.00	

Strawberries —

Thomas	1.35	2.00	3.50
Robinson	1.25	1.80	2.75
Catskill	1.25	1.90	3.00
Wisconsin 214	1.25	1.90	3.00
Brightmore	1.35	2.00	3.50
U. S. Sioux	1.35	2.00	3.50
Streamliner (E.B.)	1.35	2.00	3.50
Webster (E.B.)	1.75	2.75	5.00

Special No. 1 —

25 Latham

25 Viking

6 Sept. (E.B.)

\$7.80 Value for \$6.50 Postpaid

Special No. 2 —

25 Thomas

25 Robinson

25 Wisconsin 214

25 Brightmore

\$5.20 Value for \$4.25 Postpaid

THESE ARE ALL POSTPAID.

It is reported that the drought of last season did severe damage to plantings south of us. We suggest that you send in your orders now.

We are located at the top of Wisconsin about 100 rods from the shore of Lake Superior. Cold damp winds from the lake, and a heavy blanket of snow protect our plants from frost in the early spring. They are often dormant as late as May 10, although ready to dig in early April.

The following varieties will be ready for spring and fall delivery April 10 to June 30, Oct. 15 to Nov. 30.

1955

R A S P B E R R I E S

Latham (late season) — Most popular for home and market. Large dark red berries with small seeds. Withstands severe cold.

Viking (mid season) — Berries are large, cone shaped, good flavor. They are very good for both home and market. The Viking does very well here in Bayfield county, but is reported to be more subject to winter damage in the southern counties of the state.

June (early) — About ten days earlier than the Latham. Berries are large, and of good flavor. Highly recommended as an early berry by our Department of Agriculture.

Ontario — Very similar to the June.

September (very early) — A new everbearing red raspberry from New York state.

Durham (very early) — This is a new everbearing red raspberry from N. H. similar to the September. They bear large, well flavored berries about two weeks earlier than Latham.

The above varieties are all sold as two year plants (mature canes) that will bear fruit this season. We find it very important to pick out a well-drained plot of ground for raspberry planting. Should the roots remain under ground water level, a few days, at any season of the year, it may cause permanent damage to the plants. Care should be taken not to set the plants too deep. New shoots smother easily. Just enough soil to cover the top roots. We set our new plants about sixteen inches apart. Rows should be at least six feet apart. As soon as all the leaf buds have started to grow, we nip off all but the three strongest buds on each cane. More than three branches seems to weaken the new shoots, and produces small fruit.

Your county agricultural agent will gladly give you expert advice on spray schedules for insect and weed control.

STRAWBERRIES

Thomas (late season) — Extra large plants and berries. This new native Wisconsin variety is very hardy, and has been our most profitable market berry for the past six years.

Robinson (midseason) — Large berries. Good shippers.

Catskill (midseason) — Large plants and berries — good shipper in dry weather.

Wisconsin 214 — Heavy producer of large dark red berries. Fine for home use and freezing. Also a fairly good shipper. Developed by our State Department of Agriculture.

Brightmore (Oregon) — A new midseason strawberry similar to the Marshall.

U. S. Sioux (Midseason) — A new western berry. Heavy producer.

Streamliner (Ever Bearing) — Large bright red berries of fine flavor and lots of them after August 1.

Webster (Ever Bearing) — A new northern Wisconsin variety, that promises to outdo all others.

IN OUR TESTING PLOT

Several new raspberry and strawberry varieties including some virus free plants.

Strawberries require well drained soil, and should not be planted on newly plowed old sod. If planted too deep heavy rain might cover the crown with soil, and injure the plant. Just enough soil to cover the roots. Blossoms should be nipped off in June after planting. Keep your planting free of weeds and they will do well on most any type of soil.

It pays to mulch with about $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches of clean straw or marsh hay, when the plants appear to be dormant and the temperature gets down to 25° in the late fall. We follow cultural methods advocated by our state department of agriculture. They have carefully inspected our plantings twice each year for over twenty-three years.

Our plants are shipped via parcel post and guaranteed to arrive in good condition. We pay the postage.

When plants arrive, please loosen the roots, dip in water, then "heel in" in moist ground, away from wind and sun, until ready to plant.

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E. J. BRYAN

Certified

Strawberry & Raspberry Plants

WASHBURN, WISCONSIN

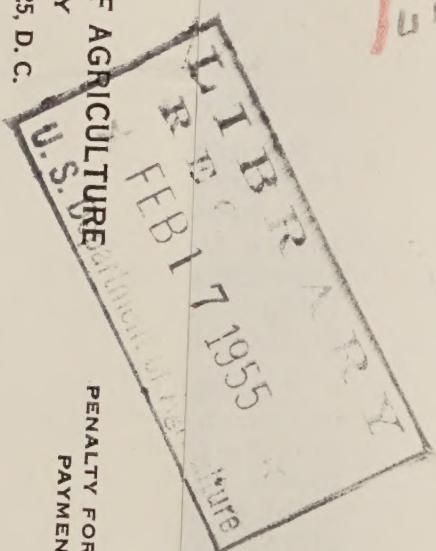
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